Version 24.1 For registration of all victims of acute stroke from 01.01.2024 onwards

## RIKSSTROKE - ACUTE PHASE FOR REGISTRATION OF STROKE

Personal ID number	er			I - I_	l_	l	_l_	_ <b>I</b>	
Name		Gender	<b>1</b> = mai	n <b>2</b> =	wom	nan	I	_l	
Reporting hospital		Ward/Department I	_	I					
Completed by (nar	ne of person comp	leting this form)							
Date deceased (YY) (relates to death du	•								
I 63= Cerebral I 64= Acute cer G 45.X= TIA (as a	ebrovascular disea	ase, not specified as haemorrhage ysis or thrombectomy for stroke wit		ction		ll			toms
Patient woke up w 1= yes	ith symptoms 2= no 9= not k	nown					I	_l	
Date of onset (YYN	MMDD)		ll_	_II	_l	_II	_l	_l	
Time of onset (TIM	I.MIN)			I	.	J.I	_l	J	
If an inpatient has s was <u>last</u> symptom-fi The time of onset is	uffered a stroke an ree. s given in hours and	enter the time when the patient wand the time of onset is not known, end minutes. If the time of onset is not because and the closest possible time in	enter the	e time	whe	en the	ossibl		
Time interval from	onset of stroke to	o arrival at hospital					I_	I	
(To be answered if ( <b>99.99</b> ])	the time of onset is	not known or it is only possible to	determ	ine th	e ho	ur of	onse	et	
	<b>2 a</b> = within 4.5 hoւ	urs <b>2b</b> = within 6 hours <b>3</b> = within	24 houi	rs					
<b>4</b> = after 24 hours	9:	= not known							
The patient was al 1= yes 2= no	ready at the hosp	ital/emergency clinic in this stro	oke epis	sode			I	_l	
Patient arrived by 1= yes	<b>ambulance</b> <b>2</b> = no	<b>9</b> = not known					I	_l	
Thrombosis/throm 1= yes	nbectomy alarm 'S	Save the brain/Stroke alarm' 9= not known					I	_l	

	ARR	RIVAL AT FIRST HOSPITAL	
(the hospital to w	which the patient was	first admitted for this stroke episode)	
Date and time			
IIIII	_III (YYMMDI	D)	
Enter Riksstroke	e Hospital Code 888	= for overseas 999= hospital code notknown I_	_ _ _
	EMERGE	NCY EXAMINATIONS / ACTIONS	
Computed tomo	graphy brain		II
<b>1</b> = yes <b>2</b> = no	9= not known		
CT angiography	performed in conne	ection with the first CT	II
<b>1</b> = yes	<b>2</b> = no	9= not known	
CT perfusion pe	rformed in connecti	on with the first CT	II
,	<b>2</b> = no	9= not known	
•	clusion shown on C		II
1= yes 2 = n		9= not known	
		y services contacted for opinion on thrombecto	my ıı
,	2 = no ousness on arrival	9= not known	
		responding to stimulus (RLS 2-3) <b>3</b> = unconscious	'' (RLS 4-8)
9= not known	.20 1/ <b>2</b> — aromoy bac		1120 1 0)
<b>Assessment</b>	of swallowing funct	ion performed	
1= yes (documen	ited in medical record	s) 2= no/not known (not performed or documentation	on missing from
medical records)	3= not examined owi	ng to patient's reduced consciousness	
		ADMISSION	
	I hospital care for th	is stroke episode	I
<b>1</b> = yes <b>2</b> = no			
First admitte	d to	l.	I
1 = ward/unit other	er than the options giv	ven below (2, 3, 4 or 6)	
2= stroke unit	<b>3</b> = admis	ssions/obs. ward	
<b>4</b> = Intensive care	unit <b>5</b> = other	(please specify)	
6= Department of	f Neurosurgery <b>9</b> = i	not known	
First hospital to	which the patient w	ras admitted	
Enter Riksstroke	e Hospital Code 888	= for overseas 999= hospital code not known	
	unit for initial treatrocke unit where the pati	<b>nent</b> ient initially received treatment for this stroke episod	de)
Date and time I		_ <b>II</b> (YYMMDD)	rs.min)
Enter Rikestroke	a Hospital Code 888	- for overseas 999- hospital code not known I	1 1 1

## ------ NIHSS using Riksstroke's NIHSS form ------

## NIHSS Score Scale 9= not known

Total score 99 = not known

Enter the NIHSS score for each variable. The final score is automatically filled in online.

A total score of 99 is automatically filled in when a variable is not known. The total score shown in brackets (online) is the NIHSS score exclusive of 'not known' and not included in the statistical calculation or target level

If item 1a Level of consciousness = 3, i.e. coma, the total score is automatically filled in online. Items 2 and 3 can be changed manually; the other items are locked.

NIHSS at arrival/admission (if the patient is treated/moved to a thrombectomy centre, enter the points before the thrombectomy as points on arrival)

## NIHSS 24 hours after thrombolysis and/or thrombectomy

			24 hours after
		Points on arrival	thrombolysis and/or thrombectomy
1a	Level of consciousness 0–3		
Id	Level of consciousness 0–5		
1b	Spatial awareness 0–2		
1c	Comprehension 0–2		
2	Eye motor function/eye position 0–2		
3	Field of vision 0–3		
4	Facial paralysis 0–3		
5a	Paralysis in arm Right 0–4		
5b	Paralysis in arm Left 0–4		
6a	Paralysis in leg Right 0–4		
6b	Paralysis in leg Left 0–4		
7	Ataxia 0–2		
8	Sensibility (pain) 0–2		
9	Language/communication 0–3		
10	Dysarthria 0–2		
11	Tactile extinction /neglect 0–2		
	Total		

		THROMBOLY	SIS	
		tarted for acute stroke pted/not completed, cho	ose option <b>1</b> = yes)	II
1= yes, treated with	Actilyse (Altepl	ase)	<b>2</b> = no	
3= yes, part of thron	nbolysis study o	or treated with non-appro	oved	
drug such as	Tenecteplase (N	Metalyse)	<b>9</b> = not known	
If no, reason why t	hrombolysis <u>n</u>	ot provided (Multiple re	sponse options permitte	d)
II= previously sp	ontaneous (i.e.	non-traumatic) cerebral	haemorrhage	
II= elements of b	•	,	Ç	
II= symptoms to	_			
II= symptoms to				
• •		ment within 4.5 hours fro	om onset (when onset tir	me known)
II= wake up stro	-			
		nrombolysis (see guidand	ce for contraindications)	
II= other reason			,	
	` •	itine to save the brain		
•		ilable (e.g. doctor with th	nrombolysis experience,	assessment of scans)
		( 0	, , ,	,
888= code for overs	seas <b>999</b> = hospi			<u></u> -
		ysis treatment initiated		
IIIIII	II (YYMI	MDD)	III.II (hrs	s.min)
Dabigatran (Prada: (R&D)	xa) reversal im	plemented with idaruc	izumab (Praxbind) to e	nable thrombolysis
<b>1</b> = yes	<b>2</b> = no	<b>9</b> = not known		lI
<b>A</b>		THROMBECTOM		
•	•	r started for acute stroupted/not completed, cho		
<b>1</b> = yes <b>2</b> = no	<b>9</b> = not kr	nown		
Enter Riksstroke h	ospital code w	here thrombectomy w	as performed	III
110= Akademiska 116= Sahlgrenska 118= NUS Umeå 141= SUS Lund 143= Karolinska So	olna		oing	

	THROMB	ECTOMY - CENTRE	
The following	ng questions only apply to <u>patients tr</u>	eated at a Thrombectomy Centre	
Ambulance	e transport was triaged directly to	the Thrombectomy Centre I_	ı
<b>1</b> = yes <b>2</b>	<b>9</b> = not ki	nown	
	d to Thrombectomy Centre from a cossible thrombectomy 2= no 3= ye	nother hospital I_ es, for reason other than thrombectomy 9= not known	l
Arrival at h	ospital with Thrombectomy Centr	re	
	Date of onset (YYMMDD)	IIIII	
	Time of arrival (HRS.MIN)	III.II	
Time of art	erial puncture at Thrombectomy (	Centre. Enter the day and time for initial arterial	
	Day (YYMMDD)	IIIII	
	Time (HRS.MIN)	II.II	
Population	•	atient's local hospital according to the Swedish of known	
C	EREBRAL HAEMORRHAGE FOL	LOWING THROMBOLYSIS/THROMBECTOMY	
Cerebral ha	aemorrhage with <u>clinical deteriora</u>	ntion within 36 hours	
of thrombo	lysis/thrombectomy	II	
(Respond u	sing <b>1</b> = yes only if the patient has cl	inically deteriorated by	
NIHSS scor	e 4 or above regardless of the size	of haemorrhage on CT/MRI scan)	
<b>1</b> = yes <b>2</b> =	no <b>9</b> = not known		

HEMICRA	NIECTOMY	
Hemicraniectomy performed for expansive is	chaemic stroke (cerebral infarction)	<u></u> I
1= yes 2= no 3= yes, included in hemicranic	ectomy study <b>9</b> = not known	
Enter Riksstroke hospital code where hemicr	aniectomy was performed	
<u></u>		
<b>888</b> = code for overseas <b>999</b> = hospital code not	t known	
Date for hemicraniectomy (YYMMDD)	1111111	
CEREBRAL H	HAEMORRHAGE	
Site of cerebral haemorrhage (I61)		<u></u> I
1= cerebrum, central/deep	2= cerebrum, lobar/superficial	
<b>3</b> = cerebrum, unspecified if deep or superficial	4= brainstem	
5= cerebellum	6= several different sites	
<b>7</b> = Other	9= not known	
Haemorrhage with ventricular rupture  1= yes 2= no 9= not known		<u></u>
If treatment with oral anticoagulants (Warfari	•	
in <u>cerebral haemorrhage (I61)</u> , reversal imple	mented	
<b>1</b> = yes <b>2</b> = no <b>9</b> = not known		ll
Medicine on reversal of cerebral haemorrhag  1= yes	e (I61)	
Prothrobin complex concentrate, PCC (	Ocplex, Confindex)	ll
Vitamin-K (Konakion, antidote to Waran)		<u></u> I
Idarucizumab (Praxbind, antidote to Prada	axa)	<u></u> I
Drug included in a reversal study or treawith a non-approved drug (e.g. Andexan		
Neurosurgical operation performed for stroke	е	II
<b>1</b> = yes <b>2</b> = no <b>9</b> = not known		
Enter Riksstroke hospital code for the hospit	al where neurosurgery for cerebral haemor	rhage was
888= code for overseas 999= hospital code not	t known III	
Action date (YYMMDD) II	<b>    </b> 	

ADL AND ACCOMMODATION BEFORE ONSET OF STROKE	
The following applies to all choices of response related to ADL/Accommodation: 9= not ki	nown
Accommodation  1= own accommodation without home help (home help does <u>not</u> mean home nursing or advance nursing)	II ed home
<b>2</b> = own accommodation with home help (home help does <u>not</u> mean home nursing or advanced nursing)	home
<ul> <li>3= arranged accommodation (e.g. service flat with full board, temporary accommodation, nursing equivalent)</li> <li>5= other</li> </ul>	g home or
<ul> <li>Those living alone</li> <li>1= patient lives entirely alone</li> <li>2= Patient shares the household with spouse/cohabitee or other individual e.g. sibling, child or parents</li> </ul>	<u> </u>
Requires assistance (includes assistance with personal ADL and/or household ADL)	<u></u> l
1= patient can cope on his/her own without assistance	
2= patient requires assistance from another person	
Mobility	
1= patient could move around without supervision both indoors and outdoors (use of walking-aid permitted)	
2= patient was able to move around by himself/herself indoors but not outdoors (use of walking-aid permitted)	
3= patient was assisted by another person when moving around, or was bedridden	
Toilet visits	II
1= patient managed toilet visits without any help	
<b>2</b> = patient was unable to get to the bathroom or go to the toilet without help, used a bedpan or incontinence pads or required assistance when wiping him/herself or getting dressed	
Clothes	II
<b>1</b> = patient was able to get dressed without help, including outdoor clothes, socks and shoes, or only needed help when tying shoelaces	
2= patient needed someone to fetch his/her clothes or needed help with dressing/undressing, or	

remained undressed

		RISK FACTORS	
Respons	se options	s: 1= yes 2= no 9= not known	
Previous	stroke		lI
TIA / Pre	vious Am	aurosis fugax	II
Atrial fib	rillation, p	previously diagnosed (including intermittent fibrillation or flutter)	II
		detected upon arrival at hospital or during hospitalisation ent fibrillation or flutter)	
Diabetes	s, previous	sly diagnosed or recently identified	<u></u>
Treated t	for hypert	tension at onset of stroke	II
Smoking	<b>j</b> (one ciga	arette or more a day or non-smoker for the past 3 months)	<u> </u>
		INFORMATION	
Smoker	informed	at onset of need to quit smoking	
<b>1</b> = yes (c	locumente	ed in medical records) <b>2</b> = no/ not known (not performed or documenta	tion missing from
medical r	ecords) 3=	not relevant because of patient's condition	
Informat	ion given	regarding driving	II
1= yes 2:	= no/ not k	nown (not performed or documentation missing from medical records	s) <b>3</b> = not
relevant/ı	no driving	licence or because of patient's condition	
		EXAMINATIONS DURING PERIOD OF CARE	
MRI brai	n scan pe	erformed	II
<b>1</b> = yes	<b>2=</b> yes	s <b>3=</b> no, ordered post discharge <b>9=</b> not known	
If y	es and ce	erebral haemorrhage diagnosed (I63), MRI brain scan showed:	lI
1=	showed ne	ew cerebral infarction 2= showed no new cerebral infarction	
9=	examinatio	on result uncertain or not known	
CT angio	ography p	erformed but not in conjunction with the first CT	1 1
<b>1=</b> yes	<b>2=</b> no	<b>3</b> = no, ordered post discharge <b>9</b> = not known	
Carotid (	ultrasound	d performed	<u></u> _
<b>1</b> = yes	<b>2</b> = no	<b>3</b> = no, ordered post discharge <b>9</b> = not known	
Long-ter	m ECG pe	erformed, minimum 24 hours (telemetry, Holter or equivalent)	lI
<b>1=</b> yes	<b>2=</b> no	<b>3</b> = no, ordered post discharge <b>9</b> = not known	

		-RISK ASSESSMENTS CARE	
Risk assessm	nent for maln	utrition carried out within 24 hours of arrival at the ward	II
<b>1</b> = yes	<b>2</b> = no		
	If yes, risk a	ssessment carried out	
	Does the ri	sk assessment indicate a risk of malnutrition?	II
	<b>1</b> = yes	<b>2</b> = no	
		If yes, there is a risk	
		Have preventive measures been taken?	II
		<b>1</b> = yes <b>2</b> = no	
Risk assessm	nent for oral h	nealth carried out within 24 hours of arrival at the ward	I!
<b>1</b> = yes	<b>2</b> = nc		
	If yes, risk a	ssessment carried out	
	Does the ri	sk assessment indicate a risk of poor oral health?	II
	<b>1</b> = yes	<b>2</b> = no	
		If yes, there is a risk	
		Have preventive measures been taken?	ll
		<b>1</b> = yes <b>2</b> = no	

MEDICAL TREATMENT		
Respond using 1= yes) 2= no 3= no, intervention planned v 4= yes, included in a drug study 9= not known		spital discharge
	At onset	At hospital discharge
Antihypertensive drugs (applies to all groups, independent of indication)	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Statins (atorvastatin/Lipitor, pravastatin, rosuvastatin/Crestor,	simvastatin) II	<u></u>
▲ Platelet inhibitors:		
ASA (e.g.Trombyl, Acetylsalicylsyra)	ll	II
Clopidogrel (e.g. Plavix Clopidogrel, Cloriocard, Grepid)	II	II
Dipyridamole (e.g Persantin)	II	II
Platelet inhibitors other than the above (e.g. Brilique, Efient, Prasugrel, Cilostazol,)		<u> </u>
A Oral anticoagulants:		
Warfarin (Waran) If warfarin at onset, enter PK (INR) value 9.9=not known	   ,	II
Apixaban (Eliquis)		lI
Dabigatran etexilate (Pradaxa)	lI	lI
Rivaroxaban (Xarelto)	lI	lI
Edoxaban (Lixiana)		II
Date for introduction or reintroduction of peroral anticoagular during hospitalisation (YYMMDD)		JIIJ
FOLLOW-UP		
Follow-up appointment on the basis of this stroke episode has (You can choose more than one response)	s been made with a n	urse or doctor
II =yes, at a special stroke unit (at or outside the hospital) I	I = yes, at a health cen	tre/equivalent
II = yes, at another hospital admissions ward/department		
II = yes, at arranged accommodation		
II = yes, at the outpatient rehabilitation centre		
II = no	= not known	

REHABILITATION DURING INPATIENT CARE	
During inpatient care, the patient was assessed by a speech therapist or other dysphagia specialist with regard to swallowing function II	
<ul> <li>1= yes 2= no, no need</li> <li>3= no; patient has need but no speech therapist or other dysphagia specialist available</li> <li>9= not known or patient declines evaluation</li> </ul>	
During inpatient care, the patient was assessed by a speech therapist regarding speech function II	
1= yes 2= no; no need 3= no; patient has need but no speech therapist available 4= no, but ordered for after discharge 5= no 9= not known or patient declines evaluation	
An occupational therapist assessed the patient after arrival in the ward/department II	
<b>Respond using 1</b> = yes, $\leq$ 24 hrs $2$ = yes, $>$ 24 hrs but $\leq$ 48 hrs $3$ = yes, $>$ 48 hrs $5$ = no $9$ = not known	
Patient has received occupational therapy during inpatient care II	
<ul> <li>1= yes</li> <li>2= no, needed but not received during hospital care (due to patient isolation, patient unavailability, etc.)</li> <li>3= no, needed but not of benefit (due to extreme cognitive impairment/dementia or aphasia)</li> <li>4= no, not needed (due to absence of sensorimotor/cognitive impairments, need for treatment or patient in palliative care)</li> <li>5= patient declined 9= not known</li> </ul>	
A physiotherapist evaluated the patient after arrival at the ward II	
<b>Respond using 1</b> = yes, ≤ 24 hrs <b>2</b> = yes, > 24 hrs but ≤ 48 hrs <b>3</b> = yes, > 48 hrs <b>5</b> = no <b>9</b> = not known	
Patient has received physiotherapy during the closed care period II	
<ul> <li>1= yes</li> <li>2=no, has need of physiotherapist/physiotherapy but has received none at all during care period (e.g. of to isolation, patient unavailable)</li> <li>3= no, has need of but has been unable to benefit from rehabilitation (e,g, due to extreme cognitive impairment/dementia or language difficulties)</li> <li>4= no, not needed (due to absence of sensorimotor/cognitive impairments, need for treatment or patient in palliative care)</li> <li>5= patient declined</li> <li>9= not known</li> </ul>	auk

DISCHARG	E FROM EMERGENCY CAR	E	
<b>Date of discharge</b> (final date of discharge YYMMDD	after acute phase)	ll_	_1111
Enter Riksstroke hospital code for hosp 888= code for abroad 999= unknown hosp	-	ge	
Ward during acute phase (refers to en other hospitals) Multiple response options	tire care period including the permitted	first depa	artment and departments at
II = ward/department other than those s	specified in response option b	elow	
II = Stroke unit	I = Neurosurgery departme	nt	<b>II</b> = Other
II = Intensive care unit	_I = Admissions/obs. ward		II = Not known
If treated outside stroke unit, enter total stroke unit, intensive care or Department (Admission date = day 1) 999= unknown  Patient has been given a written rehabilit  1= yes 2= no 3= no need, fully recover	t of Neurosurgery	at	 
DISCHARGED TO AFTER ACUTE CARE			lll
1= own accommodation 2= arranged a accommodation, old people's home or nurs 4= other acute clinic (=enter Aftercare) 6= deceased during treatment	iccommodation (e.g. service fing home) <b>5</b> = geriatric/rehab (=enter Affection 7= other (e.g. patient who live) <b>9</b> = not known	tercare)	
11= still hospitalised	12= other stroke unit for afte	rcare (=e	enter Aftercare)
13= medical centre with acute beds (=ente	•	4 0	4.5.7
Address and phone number for Discharg	<b>gea to</b> ; clear text for alternative	ves 1, 2,	4, 5, /

REHABILITATION FOLLOWING DISCHARGE FROM ACUTE CARE
Planned rehabilitation, multiple response options permitted
II = Previously supported discharge from hospital to home where a multidisciplinary stroke team both coordinates the discharge and carries out ongoing rehabilitation in the home environment
II = Early assisted discharge to home coordinated by a multidisciplinary stroke team but where the continued rehabilitation is carried out by individual caregivers from the municipality/primary care without the support of a multidisciplinary stroke team
II = Outpatient rehabilitation or equivalent (refers to team-based rehabilitation over a defined time period)
II = Policlinic rehabilitation (refers to individual rehabilitation visits)
II = Training with speech therapist
II = Rehabilitation at care accommodation (e.g. special accommodation, serviced accommodation, short-term accommodation or nursing home)
II = Only self-training
II = No rehabilitation necessary according to team assessment  (Also applies to patients living in special accommodation without rehabilitation potential)
II = Patient declined offer of rehabilitation
II = Rehabilitation needed but <b>not available</b>
I I = Not known

	GE FROM AFTERCARE
(refers to inpatient care funded by the Cou	nty Council)
Admission date	
	·
Discharge date	11111
Patient has been given a written rehabil	itation plan II
<b>1</b> = yes <b>2</b> = no <b>3</b> = no need, fully recove	ered <b>9</b> = not known
DISCHARGED TO from AFTERCARE	III
<b>1</b> = own accommodation <b>2</b> = arranged accommodation, old people's home or nurs	commodation (e.g. service flat with full board, temporary sing home)
• •	reatment <b>7</b> = other (e.g. patient who lives in another country)
<b>9</b> = not known <b>11</b> = still hospital	
·	
•	e to which the patient is discharged please be specific as
regards alternatives 1, 2, 4, 7	
REHABILITATION FOLL	OWING DISCHARGE FROM AFTERCARE
KEHADIEHAHONTOEE	WING DIGGLANGE I NOW AT TENDARE
Planned rehabilitation, multiple respons	se options permitted
I I = Farly assisted discharge from	n hospital to home where a multidisciplinary stroke
	arge and provides continued rehabilitation in the home
environment	
	e coordinated by a multidisciplinary stroke team will
	ere the continued rehabilitation is carried out by unicipality/primary care without the support of a
multidisciplinary stroke team	unicipality/primary care without the support of a
II = Outpatient rehabilitation or equivers period)	alent (concerns team-based rehabilitation during a defined
II = Polyclinic rehabilitation (concern	s rehabilitation during individual visits)
II = Training with speech therapist	
II = Rehabilitation at care accommod accommodation, short-term accommodation	dation (e.g. arranged accommodation, sheltered modation or nursing home)
II = Only self-training	,
II= No rehabilitation necessary accordance arranged accommodation without re	rding to team assessment (also applies to patients living in
II = The patient declines the rehabilita	• ,
II = Rehabilitation required, but <b>no reh</b> a	